Suicide is the tenth-leading cause of death in the United States, killing more people on an annual basis than homicide, drunk driving, or AIDS. Each year in Tennessee, over 1,100 people including every age group, race, geographic area, and income level end their lives due to suicide. Tennessee’s suicide rate is typically 20 percent higher than the national average.

Rural areas of Tennessee generally experience higher suicide rates than metropolitan or urban areas due to lower levels of social integration and reduced availability and access to public and mental health resources.

While suicide occurs within all age groups, the suicide rate is highest among those in midlife (ages 45-54). In addition, three times the amount of men die by suicide in Tennessee compared to women.

### County Suicide Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COUNTY</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carter</td>
<td>14 (24.4)</td>
<td>7 (12.3)</td>
<td>7 (12.4)</td>
<td>11 (19.5)</td>
<td>7 (12.4)</td>
<td>13 (23.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greene</td>
<td>14 (20.5)</td>
<td>12 (17.6)</td>
<td>7 (10.2)</td>
<td>12 (17.5)</td>
<td>16 (23.3)</td>
<td>20 (28.9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hancock</td>
<td>3 (45.1)</td>
<td>3 (45.2)</td>
<td>1 (15.3)</td>
<td>3 (45.7)</td>
<td>2 (30.4)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawkins</td>
<td>12 (21.1)</td>
<td>7 (12.3)</td>
<td>10 (17.7)</td>
<td>8 (14.1)</td>
<td>9 (15.9)</td>
<td>5 (8.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson</td>
<td>5 (27.8)</td>
<td>7 (39.2)</td>
<td>5 (28.0)</td>
<td>4 (22.5)</td>
<td>5 (28.3)</td>
<td>5 (28.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sullivan</td>
<td>28 (17.9)</td>
<td>22 (14.0)</td>
<td>28 (17.9)</td>
<td>33 (21.1)</td>
<td>29 (18.5)</td>
<td>29 (18.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unicoi</td>
<td>5 (27.7)</td>
<td>3 (16.7)</td>
<td>2 (11.2)</td>
<td>3 (16.9)</td>
<td>2 (11.3)</td>
<td>2 (11.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>16 (12.7)</td>
<td>17 (13.5)</td>
<td>16 (12.7)</td>
<td>20 (15.7)</td>
<td>24 (18.8)</td>
<td>25 (19.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TENNESSEE</td>
<td>1,017 (21.7)</td>
<td>945 (44.4)</td>
<td>1,065 (16.1)</td>
<td>1,110 (16.2)</td>
<td>1,163 (17.3)</td>
<td>1,159 (17.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATIONAL</td>
<td>41,149 (13.0)</td>
<td>42,773 (13.0)</td>
<td>44,193 (13.26)</td>
<td>44,965 (13.9)</td>
<td>47,137 (14.0)</td>
<td>48,334 (14.2)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Local Suicide Statistics NUMBER** (rates per 100,000 residents).
This number includes only reported suicides and may actually be somewhat higher.

Surviving family members not only suffer the loss of a loved one to suicide, but are also themselves at higher risk of suicide and emotional problems.

If you or someone you know is fighting to stay alive, battling against suicidal thoughts, don’t fight alone. Call **855-CRISIS-1 (855-274-7471)** and speak with a trained crisis counselor for free. You can also text “TN” to **741 741** and text with a trained crisis counselor for free. You can remain anonymous if you want.
WARNING SIGNS

UNTREATED DEPRESSION IS THE #1 CAUSE OF SUICIDE.

Know the signs. You can make a difference.

- Threatening or talking of wanting to hurt or kill him/herself
- Looking for ways to kill him/herself by seeking access to firearms, available pills, or other means
- Talking or writing about death, dying, or suicide
- Displaying hopelessness
- Expressing rage or uncontrolled anger
- Acting recklessly or engaging in risky activities, seemingly without thinking
- Expressing feelings of being trapped – like there's no way out
- Increasing alcohol or drug use
- Withdrawing from friends and family
- Exhibiting anxiety and/or agitation
- Experiencing disturbances in sleep patterns (e.g., unable to sleep or sleeping all the time)
- Displaying dramatic mood changes
- Giving away prized possessions
- History of previous suicide attempts or suicidal behaviors

Frequently, suicidal persons:

- Can’t stop the pain
- Can’t think clearly
- Can’t make decisions
- Can’t see any way out
- Can’t sleep, eat, or work
- Can’t get out of the depression
- Can’t make the sadness go away
- Can’t see the possibility of change
- Can’t see themselves as worthwhile
- Can’t get someone’s attention
- Can’t seem to get control
- Can’t ask directly for help
The Hands Screening Tool
adapted from
The Harvard Department of Psychiatry/National Depression Screening Day Scale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scoring</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>All the time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Over the past two weeks how often have you:</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Some</td>
<td>Most</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 been feeling low in energy, or slowed down?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 been blaming yourself for things, feeling guilty?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 had a poor appetite?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 had difficulty falling asleep, staying asleep?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 been feeling hopeless about the future?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 been feeling blue?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 been feeling no interest in things or activities?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 had feelings of worthlessness?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 thought about or wanted to die by suicide?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 had difficulty concentrating or making decisions?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add your score in each column.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add your total score.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total Points:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If total score is nine (9) or above, contact your doctor and/or mental health professional.

NOTE: Further evaluation is suggested for any individual who scores 1 or more on question 9, regardless of the total score.
Make as many copies as needed.

Please feel free to use the depression screening tool below to see if you or a loved one needs help.

Remember that many people are affected by suicide. Each survivor grieves in his own way and at his own pace.

Survivors need a safe place to explore their feelings of grief and anger, to raise questions and doubts.

Survivors are free to talk or just listen.

We are here whenever the survivor is ready for us and for as long as he or she needs us.

Advice For Survivors

- Have you thought about or wanted to commit suicide?
- Do you have feelings of worthlessness?
- Have you been feeling blue?
- Have you been feeling low in energy, or slowed down?
- Have you had difficulty concentrating or making decisions?
- Have you had trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?
- Have you been feeling irritable or moody?
- Have you been having trouble with your appetite?
- Have you been having thoughts of dying or suicide?
- Have you been having thoughts of suicide or self-harm?
- Have you been acting on these thoughts?
- Have you been feeling hopeless about the future?
- Have you been feeling guilty or worthless?
- Have you been blaming yourself for things, feeling guilty?
- Have you been feeling isolated or alone?
- Have you been having trouble functioning?
- Have you been having trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?
- Have you been having thoughts of dying or suicide?
- Have you been having thoughts of suicide or self-harm?
- Have you been acting on these thoughts?
- Have you been feeling hopeless about the future?
- Have you been feeling guilty or worthless?
- Have you been blaming yourself for things, feeling guilty?
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- Have you been having trouble functioning?
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- Have you been feeling hopeless about the future?
- Have you been feeling guilty or worthless?
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- Have you been feeling isolated or alone?
- Have you been having trouble functioning?
- Have you been having trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?
- Have you been having thoughts of dying or suicide?
- Have you been having thoughts of suicide or self-harm?
- Have you been acting on these thoughts?
- Have you been feeling hopeless about the future?
- Have you been feeling guilty or worthless?
- Have you been blaming yourself for things, feeling guilty?
- Have you been feeling isolated or alone?
- Have you been having trouble functioning?
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- Have you been acting on these thoughts?
- Have you been feeling hopeless about the future?
- Have you been feeling guilty or worthless?
- Have you been blaming yourself for things, feeling guilty?
- Have you been feeling isolated or alone?
- Have you been having trouble functioning?
- Have you been having trouble sleeping or sleeping too much?
## Community Resources

### On-Line Resources

- **Hancock County**: (423) 733-2216
- **Health Connect America - Johnson City**: (423) 631-0210
- **Comprehensive Community Services**: (931) 289-4211
- **Sexual Assault Center**: (931) 241-4143
- **The Trevor Project (GLBT youth crisis hotline)**: (615) 322-2028
- **Senior Care (Erin office)**: (615) 812-4922
- **Camelot Care (family counseling and prevention services)**: 1-800-559-2252
- **Centerstone (intake)**: (615) 874-8555
- **Family and Children Services**: (615) 320-0591
- **Alcoholics Anonymous**: (615) 831-9838
- **Mental Health Cooperative**: NAMI Clarksville
- **Jason Foundation**: namiclarksville@namitn.org
- **Mental Health America of the Mid South**: (615) 320-0591
- **GLBT National Help Center**: 1-888-THE-GNHC (843-4564)
- **Urban Ministries**: 931-648-9090
- **TennCare Transportation**: 1-888-539-0393
- **NAMI Clarksville**: namiclarksville@namitn.org
- **Tennessee Mental Health Consumer’s Association**: (615) 532-6700
- **TennCare Advocacy Program**: (800) 758-1638
- **Tennessee Department of Children Services**: (877) 237-0004 or 423-854-5311
- **Tennessee Mental Health Consumer’s Association**: (888) 539-0393
- **The Tennessee REDLINE**: (800) 889-9789
- **Woodridge Hospital**: (423) 928-7111
- **Youth Villages**: (866) 791-9228

### On-Line Resources (continued)

- **SAMHSA Find Treatment**: findtreatment.samhsa.gov
- **Families and Friends of Suicide Loss**: lifelineforattemptsurvivors.org
- **NAMI East TN**: nami.org
- **NET Trans**: (800) 528-7776
- **Omni Community Health**: (877) 258-8795
- **System of Care Across Tennessee**: (615) 532-6700
- **RemedyLive — Anonymously Chat**: remedylive.com
- **Sibling Survivors of Suicide Survivor**: siblingsurvivors.com
- **Stewart County TN Health Department**: mcgtn.org/health
- **Trans Lifeline**: translifeline.org
- **U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**: va.gov
- **Real Warriors**: realwarriors.net
- **Survivor**: siblingsurvivors.com
- **Lifeline for Attempt Survivors**: lifelineforattemptsurvivors.org
- **SAMHSA Find Treatment**: findtreatment.samhsa.gov
- **Families and Friends of Suicide Loss**: lifelineforattemptsurvivors.org
- **NAMI East TN**: nami.org
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- **Trans Lifeline**: translifeline.org
- **U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs**: va.gov
- **Real Warriors**: realwarriors.net
- **Survivor**: siblingsurvivors.com

### Regional Health Departments

- **Family Promise**: (423) 929-9967
- **Health Connect America - Johnson City**: (423) 631-0210
- **Jason Foundation**: (888) 881-2323
- **Legal Aid Society**: (423) 928-8311
- **Mental Health Association of East Tennessee**: (865) 584-9125
- **NAMI East TN**: (800) 771-5491
- **NET Trans**: (800) 528-7776
- **Omni Community Health**: (877) 258-8795
- **System of Care Across Tennessee**: (615) 532-6700
- **TennCare Advocacy Program**: (800) 758-1638
- **Tennessee Department of Children Services**: (877) 237-0004 or 423-854-5311
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### Community Mental Health Centers - Frontier Health

- **Main Corporate Number**: (423) 467-3600
- **Bristol Regional Counseling Center**: (423) 989-4500
- **Charlotte Taylor Center**: (423) 547-5950
- **Erwin**: (423) 743-1470
- **Greeneville**: (423) 639-1104
- **Hancock County**: (423) 733-2216
- **Hawkins County**: (423) 272-9239
- **Holston Children and Youth**: (423) 224-1000
- **Holston Counseling Center**: (423) 224-1300
- **Johnson County**: (423) 727-2100
- **Turning Point (Walk-In Crisis Center and CSU)**: (423) 926-0940
- **Watauga Children and Youth**: (423) 232-2700
- **Watauga Counseling Center**: (423) 232-2600

### Contact 211

- (423) 246-2273 or 211

### Comprehensive Community Services

- (423) 349-4070

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**Police**: 911

**Adult Protective Services**: (888) 277-8366

**Area Agency on Aging and Disabilities**: (866) 836-6678 or (423) 928-3258

**Bristol Crisis Center**: (276) 466-2312

**Camelot Care Center**: (423) 392-2975
ON-LINE RESOURCES

AA (Alcoholics Anonymous) TriCities ................................................................. aatricitiestn.org
American Association of Suicidology ................................................................. suicidology.org
Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance ......................................................... dbsalliance.org
The Jason Foundation ....................................................................................... jasonfoundation.com
kidcentral tn ..................................................................................................... kidcentraltn.com
National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI), Tennessee Chapter .................. namitn.org
National Mental Health Association (NMHA) ................................................. nmha.org
National Organization for People of Color Against Suicide (NOPCAS) ............ nopcas.org
Organization for Attempters and Survivors of Suicide in Interfaith Services (OASSIS) ... oassis.org
Parents of Suicide ............................................................................................ parentsofsuicide.com
Pride Community Center of the TriCities ......................................................... pridetricities.com
SAMHSA’s National Mental Health Information Center
Center for Mental Health Services ....................................................................... mentalhealth.org
Sibling Survivors of Suicide ............................................................................. siblingssurvivors.com
Suicide Prevention and Resource Center (SPRC) .............................................. sprc.org
Tennessee Mental Health Consumer’s Association ........................................... tmhca-tn.org
Tragedy Assistance Program for Survivors ..................................................... taps.org
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs .................................................................. va.gov
YWCAres (Crime Victim Support ages 17-24) .................................................. ywcatnva.org/yw-cares

REGIONAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS

Sullivan County Health Department ................................................................ sullivanhealth.org
All other Northeast counties ........................................................................... tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/localdepartments.html
Advice For Survivors

- Even if you feel that you cannot survive, know that you can.
- Feelings of shock, guilt, blame, anger, relief, depression, and isolation are common responses to grief. These emotions can be overwhelming but know that they are normal.
- Each survivor grieves in their own way and at their own pace.
- Seek out people who are willing to listen without judging.
- Remember that many people are affected by suicide.
- Seek professional help if needed.
- Take care of yourself – physically, mentally, emotionally, and spiritually.
- This is the hardest thing you will ever do. Be patient and do not try to do it by yourself.
- Remember that HEALING TAKES TIME.

SOSL Can Help

- Survivors of Suicide Loss group meetings are open to anyone who has lost a loved one through suicide or who is helping someone who has lost a loved one through suicide.
- Survivors need a safe place to explore their feelings of grief and anger, to raise questions and doubts.
- We are here whenever the survivor is ready for us and for as long as he or she needs us.
- We understand that the grieving process is hard work.
- Members have all been there and are often the only ones who can truly understand the survivor.
- Survivors can attend an SOSL meeting the day of the funeral, a few months after, or even years later.
- Survivors are free to talk or just listen.

Resources

- Families and Friends of Suicide Loss Pos-ffos.com
- Parents of Suicide ParentsofSuicide.com
- Sibling Survivors of Suicide SiblingSurvivors.com
- Suicide Free online resources SuicideFree.org
- Find a support group tspn.org/for-survivors-of-suicide
Please feel free to use the depression screening tool below to see if you or a loved one needs help.
Make as many copies as needed.

□ Seek out people who are willing to listen without judging.
□ □ □
□ Take care of yourself—physically, mentally, emotionally, and spiritually.
□ □
□ Make as many copies as needed.

Sibling Survivors of Suicide siblingsurvivors.com
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• Survivors can attend an SOSL meeting the day of the funeral, a few months after, or even years later.
• Survivors need a safe place to explore their feelings of grief and anger, to raise questions and doubts.

For more information about online depression and mental health screenings, visit ichope.com
Further evaluation is suggested for any individual who scores 1 or more on question 9, regardless of the total score.
If total score is nine (9) or above, contact your doctor and/or mental health professional.

DON’T DUCK MENTAL HEALTH ©

The Columbia Suicide Severity Rating Scale (C-SSRS ) is a reliable, scientifically proven, and easily administered suicide risk assessment tool for use in a wide variety of settings with both adults and adolescents. It assesses the full range of evidence-based ideation and behavior, and requires no mental health training in order to use it.

QPR (Question, Persuade, Refer) training helps both professionals and lay caregivers become more comfortable, competent and confident when dealing with persons at risk. Participants learn how their own attitudes about suicide can affect their efforts to help. They gain the knowledge and skill to recognize and estimate suicide risk, and learn how to intervene through role-playing and supervised simulations and how to create crisis networks out of existing local resources.

CALM is a 2-hour workshop designed to teach mental health counselors how to help clients at risk for suicide, as well as their families, be safer by reducing their access to lethal means, particularly (but not exclusively) firearms.

Youth Mental Health First Aid teaches you how to identify, understand and respond to signs of mental illnesses and substance use disorders. This 8-hour training gives adults who work with youth the skills they need to reach out and provide initial support to adolescents (ages 12-18) who may be developing a mental health or substance use problem and help them connect to the appropriate care.

Mental Health 101 is a free program offered through the Mental Health Association of East Tennessee. It teaches middle and high school students how to recognize when they or a friend are struggling with a mental health issue, coping skills, and how to get help.

Tennessee Voices for Children offers free and voluntary mental health screenings to youth in the Northeast Region via its Youth Screen program. This user-friendly, voluntary, and confidential computer-based screening instrument helps screeners identify mental health, suicide, and substance misuse risks that could interfere with health, well-being, and overall functioning.

The Jason Foundation, Inc. (JFI) is a provider of educational curricula and training programs for students, educators, youth workers and parents. JFI’s programs build an awareness of youth suicide, educate participants in recognizing the “warning signs or signs of concern”, and direct participants to local resources to deal with possible suicidal ideation.

NEED TRAINING?

More information about all of these programs is available in the Training and Education section of the TSPN website - tspn.org/curricula.

Programs for Adults

QPR Institute

QPR (Question, Persuade, Refer) training helps both professionals and lay caregivers become more comfortable, competent and confident when dealing with persons at risk. Participants learn how their own attitudes about suicide can affect their efforts to help. They gain the knowledge and skill to recognize and estimate suicide risk, and learn how to intervene through role-playing and supervised simulations and how to create crisis networks out of existing local resources.

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9
The Tennessee Suicide Prevention Network is working with Veteran’s Administration across the state to address suicide prevention among Veterans and other members of the military community.

**Suicide Signs Unique to Veterans**

- Calling old friends, particularly military friends to say goodbye
- Cleaning a weapon that they may have as a souvenir
- Visits to graveyards
- Obsessions with news coverage of current military operations
- Wearing their uniform or part of their uniform, boots, etc., when not required
- Frequent talking about how honorable it is to be a soldier
- Sleeping more (sometimes the decision to attempt suicide brings a sense of peace of mind, and potential victims sleep more to withdraw)
- Becoming overprotective of children
- Standing guard over the house; this may take the form of staying up while everyone is asleep, staying up to watch over the house, or obsessive locking of doors and windows
- Stopping dosage of prescribed medication or hoarding medications
- Hoarding alcohol; this may include wine as well as hard alcohol
- Sudden spending sprees, buying gifts for family members and friends “to remember me by”
- Defensive speech: “you wouldn’t understand,” etc.
- Failure to talk to other people or make eye contact

**WHERE TO GET HELP**

Veterans who need immediate counseling should call the hotline run by Veterans Affairs professionals at 1-800-273-8255, and press “1”, identifying themselves as Military Veterans. Staff members are specially trained to take calls from Military Veterans and are available 24 hours a day, everyday. While all operators are trained to help Veterans, some are also former military personnel.

Make the Connection for shared experiences and support for Veterans............................ maketheconnection.net
State of Tennessee Department of Veterans Services.............................................tn.gov/veteran.html or (615) 741-2435
The Johnson City Vet Center .................................................................(423) 928-8387
Mountain Home VA Nashville Campus.........................................................(423) 926-1171
Mountain Home VA Healthcare System ......................................................mountainhome.va.gov

The Tennessee National Guard, in coordination with the Jason Foundation, Inc., and E4 Health, has created the “Guard Your Buddy” phone app to give the men, women, and families in the Tennessee National Guard immediate access to critical life resources, on-demand counseling, and on-call suicide prevention. You can download the app at guardyourbuddy.com

**Veterans Service Offices**

To locate your county Veteran Service Officer, please visit:

Tennessee County Veterans Service Officer Association - tcvsoa/directory
• According to the *International Handbook of Suicide and Attempted Suicide* (John Wiley and Sons, Ltd., 2000), between 25 and 55 percent of suicide victims have drugs and/or alcohol in their systems at the time of their deaths. The rise in drug misuse observed during the past thirty years is believed to be a contributing factor to the increase in youth suicide, particularly among males.

• Contrary to popular belief, major depression is more likely to develop after someone develops alcoholism rather than before.

• Psychological autopsies of suicide victims with substance misuse problems have shown that:
  - four-fifths had previously communicated suicidal intent through words and/or behavior
  - two-thirds also suffered from a major depressive disorder
  - half were unemployed
  - half had serious medical problems
  - and roughly one-third had attempted suicide previously (Murphy, 2000).

• A study published in the *American Journal of Epidemiology* found that the effects of substance use disorders on suicide attempts were not entirely due to the effects of co-occurring mental disorders, suggesting that substance misuse in and of itself is a suicide risk factor (Borges et al, 2000).

• Substance misuse can involve legal drugs, such as prescriptions, and misuse of these drugs has been linked to increased suicide risk – especially if combined with alcohol or illegal drugs (Harris and Barraclough, 1998).

• Teens who engage in high-risk behaviours (use of drugs, alcohol, and tobacco, along with sexual activity) report significantly high rates of depression, suicidal thoughts, and suicide attempts, according to a 2004 report funded by the National Institute of Drug Abuse. The report suggests that primary care physicians who find their adolescent patients are engaging in drugs or sex should consider screening them for depression and suicide risk.

• Men with a substance misuse disorder are 6.5 times more likely to die by suicide than those without one. Women with a substance misuse disorder are 6.5 times more likely to die by suicide than those without (Ilgen et al., 2010).

• Additionally, binge drinking among teens has been identified as a predictive factor of actual suicide attempts as compared to suicidal thoughts, even after accounting for high levels of depression and stress – possibly because binge drinking episodes frequently precede serious attempts (Windle et al, 2004).

• Up to 7 percent of alcoholics will eventually die by suicide, with middle-aged and older alcoholics at especially high risk (Conner and Duberstein, 2004).

• Both suicide and substance misuse has been noted as contributing factors to rising mortality rates among middle-aged Caucasians in the U.S. (Case and Deaton, 2015).

**WHAT TO DO**

• When substance misuse co-occurs with depression and or suicidal tendencies, both the depression and the addiction need to be treated – one affects the other.

• You can contact the RedLine at **1-800-889-9789**

• You can also reach out to Tennessee Recovery Navigators - individuals in long-term recovery who meet patients who have recently overdosed and connect them with the substance misuse treatment and recovery services they need. Visit [tn.gov/behavioral-health/substance-abuse-services/treatment---recovery.html](http://tn.gov/behavioral-health/substance-abuse-services/treatment---recovery.html) for more information.
TSPN is a grass-roots association which includes counselors, mental health professionals, physicians, clergy, journalists, social workers, and law enforcement personnel, as well as survivors of suicide and suicide attempts. TSPN works across the state to eliminate the stigma of suicide and educate communities about the warning signs of suicide, with the ultimate intention of reducing suicide rates in the state of Tennessee.

We seek to achieve these objectives through organizing and promoting regular regional activities, providing suicide prevention and crisis intervention training to community organizations, and conducting postvention sessions for schools and organizations after suicides occur.

Please check the TSPN website for our calendar of regional meetings happening every month across the state.

For non-crisis suicide prevention information, contact

"Saving Lives in Tennessee"
at (615) 297-1077 or refer to our website at tspn.org.

If you or someone you know is feeling desperate, alone or hopeless... we can help.

TENNESSEE STATEWIDE CRISIS LINE
There is hope.
855-CRISIS-1 (855-274-7471)

Text “TN” to 741 741
Suicide Prevention TEXT LINE
www.crisistextline.org